

The xltextra package

Will Robertson

2018/12/31 v0.7

Contents

1	Introduction	1
1.1	Usage	1
2	Features	2
2.1	<code>\textsuperscript</code> and <code>\textsubscript</code>	2
2.2	Logos	2
2.3	Vulgar fractions	3
2.4	Named glyphs	3
2.5	The <code>\showhyphens</code> command	4
I	The xltextra package	5
3	Logos	5
4	Subscript and superscript	6
5	Assorted commands	6

1 Introduction

This document describes the xltextra package. It implements some odds-and-ends features when using the X_YL^AT_EX format.

1.1 Usage

Easy: `\usepackage{xltextra}`. This package automatically loads the following packages: `fontspec`, `realscripts`, `metalogo`.

There are some package options to disable various functionality that could clash with other things:

`no-sscript` Swaps the definitions of `\textsubscript` and `\textsuperscript` with their respective starred versions, as described in section §2.1.

`no-logos` Disables the redefinition of `\TeX`, etc. described in section §2.2, but *does* still define the `\XeTeX` and `\XeLaTeX` logo commands.

2 Features

2.1 `\textsuperscript` and `\textsubscript`

This functionality is achieved through loading the `realscripts` package.

These two macros have been redefined to take advantage, if possible, of actual superior or inferior glyphs in the main document font. This is very important for high-quality typesetting — compare this first example to the third; yes, they are the same font.

```
\textsuperscript abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890
\textsubscript abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890
```

But will fall back on ‘faked’ ones if they don’t exist: (this is Didot)

```
\textsuperscript abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890
\textsubscript abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890
```

The original definitions are available in starred versions of the commands:

```
\textsuperscript* abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890
\textsubscript* abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890
```

The `[no-sscript]` package option will swap the definitions of the starred and non-starred versions of the commands described above if the new definitions are undesirable.

The macros `\realsubscript`, `\realsuperscript`, `\fakesubscript`, and `\fakesuperscript` may be used to access the ‘new’ and ‘old’ functionalities regardless of the `[no-sscript]` package option.

2.2 Logos

This part of the package essentially exists to define the `\XeTeX` and `\XeLaTeX` logos, which need to be tuned according to the font that is used. Originally I had some hard-coded definitions in here, but Andrew Moschou’s `metaLogo` package now provides a much more flexible and useful interface to a variety of T_EX-related logos.

Here are some examples. The default:

`\TeX` `X3TeX` `LATeX` `X3LATeX` `\TeX` `\XeTeX` `\LaTeX` `\XeLaTeX`

Notice that it's a bit tight when not using Computer Modern, for which the logos were designed:

`\TeX` `X3TeX` `LATeX` `X3LATeX` `\usefont{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}`
`\TeX` `\XeTeX` `\LaTeX` `\XeLaTeX`

These logos, ideally, should be hand-tuned for each font that they're used in. Please refer to the `metaLogo` documentation for more information.

The `[no-logos]` package option will not redefine `\TeX` or `\LaTeX` but will still define `\XeTeX` and `\XeLaTeX`.

2.3 Vulgar fractions

The `\frac` command for setting 'vulgar' fractions based on AAT or OpenType font features. Not really recommended for many purposes, depending on your text, but it's a good example of how to program such things using `fontspec`.

`123/456` `\fontspec{LibreCaslonText-Regular.otf}`
`\frac{123}{456}`

(This can also be achieved in regular `LATeX` with either the `nicefrac` or `xfrac` package.)

Only use it when you know it will work; no warnings are given if the font doesn't support the necessary features.

2.4 Named glyphs

Along the way somewhere, `X3TeX` added support for selecting glyphs from a TrueType-based OpenType font based on their internal glyph name. Jonathan Kew posted the following definition as a nice interface to it.

`¥ [smile]` `\fontspec{charis}`
`\namedglyph{yen}`
`\namedglyph{smile}`

2.5 The `\showhyphens` command

The default definition doesn't work in \XeTeX . A new version, written by Enrico Gregorio, is included in this package that *does* work; note that the syntax now matches plain \TeX 's original rather than the comma-list approach taken by an earlier version of this package.

File I

The xltextra package

This is the package implementation.

```
1 \ProvidesPackage{xltextra}
2 [2018/12/31 v0.7 Improvements for the "XeLaTeX" format]
```

Not for LuaTeX

```
3 \RequirePackage{ifluatex}
4 \ifluatex
5 \PackageWarningNoLine {xltextra} {^^J
6   XLTXTRA IS TO BE USED ONLY UNDER XETEX.
7   LOAD FONTSPEC DIRECTLY, INSTEAD.^^J
8   ABORTING LOADING%
9 }
10 \RequirePackage{fontspec}
11 \expandafter \endinput
12 \fi
```

Required packages

```
13 \RequirePackage{ifxetex}
14 \RequireXeTeX
15 \RequirePackage{fontspec}
16 \RequirePackage{realscripts}
```

Option processing

```
17 \newif\if@xxt@noscript@
18 \newif\if@xxt@nologos@
19 \DeclareOption{no-sscript}{\@xxt@noscript@true}
20 \DeclareOption{no-logos}{\@xxt@nologos@true}
21 \ProcessOptions*
```

3 Logos

\XeTeX The TeX-related logos people insist upon using need to be tuned on a per-
\XeLaTeX font basis. This package calls upon Andrew Moschou's package `metalogo` for this purpose. To tune the logos to each font, use the commands `\setlogokern`, `\setlogodrop`, etc. Refer to `mathspec`'s documentation for further details.

```

\setlogokern{Xe}{-0.061em}
\setlogokern{eL}{-0.057em}
\setlogokern{La}{-0.265em}
\setlogokern{aT}{-0.0585em}
\setlogokern{Te}{-0.0575em}
TeX XeTeX LATeX XeLATeX \setlogokern{eX}{-0.072em}
LATeX 2ε \setlogokern{eT}{-0.056em}
\setlogokern{X2}{0.1667em}
\setlogodrop{0.153em}
\setLaTeXa{\scshape a}
\setLaTeXee{\mbox{\fontspec{Times}\itshape }}
TeX\ XeTeX\ LaTeX\ XeLaTeX\ LaTeXe

```

```
22 \RequirePackage{metalogo}
```

The [no-logos] package option might be in effect, in which case `\TeX`, `\LaTeX` and `\LaTeXe` should keep their original definitions (which were saved by `metalogo`).

```
23 \if@xxt@nologos@
24 \let\TeX\original@TeX
25 \let\LaTeX\original@LaTeX
26 \let\LaTeXe\original@LaTeXe
27 \fi
```

4 Subscript and superscript

```
\textsubscript These commands are either defined to create fake or real sub-/super-
\textsubscript* are starred or not, respectively. This swaps if the [no-sscript]
\textsuperscript in effect. Text subscripts:
\textsuperscript*
```

```
28 \if@xxt@nosscript@
29 \DeclareRobustCommand*\textsubscript{%
30 \@ifstar{\realsubscript}{\fakesubscript}}
31 \DeclareRobustCommand*\textsuperscript{%
32 \@ifstar{\realsuperscript}{\fakesuperscript}}
33 \fi
```

5 Assorted commands

```
\vfrac #1: Numerator
#2: Denominator
```

No error checking is done to ensure that the font actually has the necessary features. Requires the `xunicode` package for `\textfractionsolidus`.

```
34 \ExplSyntaxOn
```

```

35 \newcommand*\vfrac[2]{
36   \fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF
37   {
38     \fontspec_if_opentype:TF
39     {
40       {\addfontfeature{VerticalPosition=Numerator}#1}
41       \textfractionsolidus
42       {\addfontfeature{VerticalPosition=Denominator}#2}
43     }
44     {
45       {\addfontfeature{VerticalPosition=Superior}#1}
46       \textfractionsolidus
47       {\addfontfeature{VerticalPosition=Inferior}#2}
48     }
49   }
50   {
51     \PackageError {xltextra}
52     { \string\vfrac\space-can-only-be-used-with-fontspec-fonts }
53     { Nothing~more~to~tell. }
54   }
55 }
56 \ExplSyntaxOff

```

`\namedglyph` #1: Name of the font glyph to be typeset

```

57 \newcommand\namedglyph[1]{%
58   \@tempcnta=\XeTeXglyphindex "#1"\relax
59   \ifnum\@tempcnta>0
60     \XeTeXglyph\@tempcnta
61   \else
62     \xxt@namedglyph@fallback{#1}%
63   \fi}

```

`\xxt@namedglyph@fallback` Redefine this macro to change how glyph names that aren't found get typeset.

```

64 \newcommand\xxt@namedglyph@fallback[1]{[#1]}

```

`\showhyphens` Courtesy egreg.

```

65 \ExplSyntaxOn
66 \seq_new:N \l__xetex_showhyphens_seq
67 \box_new:N \l__xetex_show_hyphens_wrapping_box
68 \box_new:N \l__xetex_show_hyphens_temp_box
69 \box_new:N \l__xetex_show_hyphens_final_box
70 \box_new:N \g__xetex_show_hyphens_word_box
71
72 \cs_new_protected:Npn \xetex_show_hyphens:n #1
73 {
74   \box_clear:N \l__xetex_show_hyphens_final_box
75   % split the input into items

```

```

76 \seq_set_split:Nnn \l__xetex_showhyphens_seq { ~ } { #1 }
77 % hyphenate all items
78 \seq_map_function:NN \l__xetex_showhyphens_seq \xetex_hyphenate_word:n
79 % set a box to the maximum dimension to force a Underfull \hbox warning
80 \hbox_set_to_wd:Nnn \l__xetex_show_hyphens_final_box { \c_max_dim }
81 {
82   \hbox_unpack_clear:N \l__xetex_show_hyphens_final_box
83 }
84 }
85
86 \cs_new_protected:Npn \xetex_hyphenate_word:n #1
87 {
88   \vbox_set:Nn \l__xetex_show_hyphens_wrapping_box
89   {% build a paragraph with the word with a very narrow line width
90     \dim_set:Nn \hsize { 1sp }
91     % disregard spurious messages
92     \hbadness = 10000\relax
93     \dim_set:Nn \hfuzz { \c_max_dim }
94     % clear possible values of \everypar and other parameters
95     \everypar={}
96     \skip_set:Nn \leftskip { Opt }
97     \skip_set_eq:NN \rightskip \leftskip
98     % skip the first step
99     \pretolerance = -1\relax
100    % avoid the indentation and add a skip to allow hyphenation
101    \noindent
102    \skip_horizontal:n { Opt }
103    #1
104    \par
105    \hbox_gset:Nn \g__xetex_show_hyphens_word_box {}
106    % start a recursion to dismantle the paragraph just built
107    \xetex_show_hyphens_split:
108    % the result is put into \g__xetex_show_hyphens_word_box
109    }
110    % add the box to the final container
111    \hbox_set:Nn \l__xetex_show_hyphens_final_box
112    {
113      \hbox_unpack_clear:N \l__xetex_show_hyphens_final_box
114      \hbox_unpack_clear:N \g__xetex_show_hyphens_word_box
115    }
116  }
117
118 \cs_new_protected:Npn \xetex_show_hyphens_split:
119 {
120   \unskip % remove the interline glue
121   \unpenalty % remove possible penalties
122   % get the last line

```



```

123 \box_set_to_last:N \l__xetex_show_hyphens_temp_box
124 \box_if_empty:NF \l__xetex_show_hyphens_temp_box
125   {% if there is a last line unpack it into a container
126     \hbox_gset:Nn \g__xetex_show_hyphens_word_box
127     {% the order is last to first
128       \hbox_unpack_clear:N \l__xetex_show_hyphens_temp_box
129       \unskip\unskip % remove spaces
130       \hbox_unpack_clear:N \g__xetex_show_hyphens_word_box
131     }
132     % restart the recursion
133     \xetex_show_hyphens_split:
134   }
135 }
136
137 \cs_set_eq:NN \showhyphens \xetex_show_hyphens:n
138 \ExplSyntaxOff

```